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CLAIMS

Water dispersible or water soluble porous bodies comprising a three dimensional open-cell lattice containing:

(a) less than 10% by weight of water-soluble polymeric material other than a surfactant, and

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(b) 5 to 95% by weight of a surfactant, said porous bodies having an intrusion volume as measured by mercury porosimetry (as hereinafter described) of at least about 3 ml/g

- 2) Porous bodies as claimed in claim 1 wherein the bodies are in the form of powders, beads or moulded bodies
- 3) Porous bodies as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 wherein
 20 the polymeric material is a natural gum, a
 polysaccharide, a cellulose derivative or a homopolymer
 or copolymer comprising (co)monomers selected from:vinyl alcohol,
 acrylic acid,
- 25 methacrylic acid
 acrylamide,
 methacrylamide
 acrylamide methylpropane sulphonates
 aminoalkylacrylates

 30 aminoalkylmethacrylates
- 30 aminoalkylmethacrylates
 hydroxyethylacrylate

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hydroxyethylmethylacrylate
vinyl pyrrolidone
vinyl imidazole
vinyl amines

vinyl pyridine
ethyleneglycol
ethylene oxide
ethyleneimine
styrenesulphonates

ethyleneglycolacrylates
ethyleneglycol methacrylate

- 4) Porous bodies as claimed in claim 3 wherein the cellulose derivative is selected from xanthan gum,

 xyloglucan, cellulose acetate, methylcellulose,
 methyethylcellulose, hydroxyethyl-cellulose,
 hydroxyethylmethylcellulose, hydroxypropylcellulose,
 hydroxypropylmethylcellulose (HPMC),
 hydroxypropylbutylcellulose,
 ethylhydroxyethylcellulose, carboxymethylcellulose and
 its salts, or carboxymethyl-hydroxyethylcellulose and
 its salts
- 5) Porous bodies as claimed in any preceding claim wherein
 25 the surfactant is non-ionic, anionic, cationic, or
 zwitterionic
 - 6) Porous bodies as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the surfactant is solid at ambient temperature

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7) Porous bodies as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the surfactant is selected from ethoxylated triglycerides; fatty alcohol ethoxylates; alkylphenol ethoxylates; fatty acid ethoxylates; fatty amide 5 ethoxylates; fatty amine ethoxylates; sorbitan alkanoates; ethylated sorbitan alkanoates; alkyl ethoxylates; pluronics; alkyl polyglucosides; stearol ethoxylates; alkyl polyglycosides; alkylether sulfates; alkylether carboxylates; alkylbenzene sulfonates; alkylether phosphates; dialkyl sulfosuccinates; alkyl 10 sulfonates; soaps; alkyl sulfates; alkyl carboxylates; alkyl phosphates; paraffin sulfonates; secondary nalkane sulfonates; alpha-olefin sulfonates; isethionate sulfonates; fatty amine salts; fatty diamine salts; 15 quaternary ammonium compounds; phosphonium surfactants; sulfonium surfactants; sulfonxonium surfactants; Nalkyl derivatives of amino acids (such as glycine, betaine, aminopropionic acid); imidazoline surfactants; amine oxides; amidobetaines; and mixtures thereof

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8) Porous bodies as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the porous polymeric bodies have water soluble or water insoluble materials incorporated into the polymeric lattice

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9) Water soluble porous polymeric bodies as claimed in claim 8 wherein the water soluble material is selected from water soluble vitamins; water soluble fluorescers; activated aluminium chlorohydrate; transition metal complexes used as bleaching catalysts; water soluble polymers; diethylenetriaminepentaacetic acid (DTPA);

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primary and secondary alcohol sulphates containing greater than C8 chain length or mixtures thereof

10) Water soluble porous polymeric bodies as claimed in claim 8 wherein the water insoluble material is selected from antimicrobial agents; antidandruff agent; skin lightening agents; fluorescing agents; antifoams; hair conditioning agents; fabric conditioning agents; skin conditioning agents; dyes; UV protecting agents; bleach or bleach precursors; antioxidants; insecticides; pesticides; herbicides; perfumes or precursors thereto; flavourings or precursors thereto; pharmaceutically active materials; hydrophobic polymeric materials and mixtures thereof.

11) A method for preparing water dispersible or water soluble porous bodies comprising a three dimensional open-cell lattice containing

- (a) less than 10% by weight of a water soluble polymeric material and
- (b) 5 to 90% by weight of a surfactant, said porous bodies having an intrusion volume as measured by mercury porosimetry (as hereinafter described) of at least about 3 ml/g with the proviso that said porous bodies are not spherical beads having an average bead diameter of 0.2 to 5mm

30 comprising the steps of:

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- a) providing an intimate mixture of the polymeric material and the surfactant in a liquid medium
- b) providing a fluid freezing medium at a temperature effective for rapidly freezing the liquid medium;
- c) cooling the liquid medium with the fluid freezing medium at a temperature below the freezing point of the liquid medium for a period effective to rapidly freeze the liquid medium; and
- d) freeze-drying the frozen liquid medium to form the porous bodies by removal of the liquid medium by sublimation.

12) A method as claimed in claim 11 wherein the cooling of the liquid medium is accomplished by spraying an atomised emulsion into the fluid freezing medium; by dropping drops of the emulsion into the fluid freezing medium or by pouring the emulsion into a mould and cooling the emulsion in the mould.

13) A method as claimed in claim 11 or 12 wherein the polymeric material is a natural gum, a polysaccharide, a cellulose derivative or a homopolymer or copolymer comprising (co)monomers selected from:-

vinyl alcohol,
acrylic acid,
30 methacrylic acid
acrylamide,

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methacrylamide acrylamide methylpropane sulphonates aminoalkylacrylates aminoalkylmethacrylates 5 hydroxyethylacrylate hydroxyethylmethylacrylate vinyl pyrrolidone vinyl imidazole vinyl amines 10 vinyl pyridine ethyleneglycol ethylene oxide ethyleneimine styrenesulphonates 15 ethyleneglycolacrylates ethyleneglycol methacrylate

- 14) A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 13
 wherein the surfactant is non-ionic, anionic, cationic,
 or zwitterionic
 - 15) A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 14 wherein the surfactant is solid at ambient temperature
- 25 16) A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 15wherein the surfactant has an HLB value of 8 to 18
- 17) A method as claimed in any one of claims 11 to 16
 wherein the surfactant is selected from ethoxylated
 triglycerides; fatty alcohol ethoxylates; alkylphenol
 ethoxylates; fatty acid ethoxylates; fatty amide

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ethoxylates; fatty amine ethoxylates; sorbitan alkanoates; ethylated sorbitan alkanoates; alkyl ethoxylates; pluronics; alkyl polyglucosides; stearol ethoxylates; alkyl polyglycosides; alkylether sulfates; alkylether carboxylates; alkylbenzene sulfonates; alkylether phosphates; dialkyl sulfosuccinates; alkyl sulfonates; soaps; alkyl sulfates; alkyl carboxylates; alkyl phosphates; paraffin sulfonates; secondary nalkane sulfonates; alpha-olefin sulfonates; isethionate sulfonates; fatty amine salts; fatty diamine salts; quaternary ammonium compounds; phosphonium surfactants; sulfonium surfactants; sulfonium surfactants; sulfonium surfactants; nalkyl derivatives of amino acids (such as glycine, betaine, aminopropionic acid); imidazoline surfactants; amine oxides; amidobetaines; and mixtures thereof

- 18) A method as claimed in claim 11 wherein the intimate mixture is an oil-in-water emulsion
- 20 19) A method as claimed in claim 18 wherein the discontinuous phase of the emulsion comprises 10 to 95% by volume of the emulsion
- 20) A method as claimed in claim 18 wherein the
 25 discontinuous phase of the emulsion comprises 20 to
 60% by volume of the emulsion
- 21) A method as claimed in claim 18 wherein the discontinuous phase of the emulsion is selected from alkanes; cyclic hydrocarbons; halogenated alkanes;

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esters; ketones; ethers; volatile cyclic silicones and mixtures thereof

- 22) Solutions or dispersions comprising water soluble polymeric materials and surfactant formed by exposing the porous bodies of any one of claims 1 to 10 to an aqueous medium.
- 23) Solutions or dispersions comprising water soluble

 10 polymeric materials, surfactant and a hydrophobic

 material formed by exposing the porous bodies of claim

 8 having the hydrophobic material contained therein to

 an aqueous medium.